



# Underlay UNIQUE VINYL

UNDERLAY FOR THERMAL  
AND ACOUSTIC INSULATION

10m<sup>2</sup>

Dimension  
1x10 m

Thickness  
1,6 mm

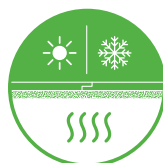
## TECHNICAL PROPERTIES



★★★★★  
Reduction  
of impact noise



★★★★★  
Reduction  
of footfall noise



★★★★☆  
Thermal  
resistance



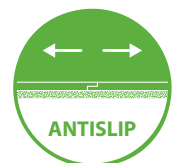
★★★★★  
Compensates  
for uneven floor



★★★★★  
Protection  
from damage  
from falling objects



★★★★★  
Load  
resistance



★★★★★

## Material Description & Properties

Agglomerated cork&HD EVA underlay for resilient floors  
with good acoustic insulation and load resistance.

### KEY FEATURES

- Highly resistant to residual indentation.
- Produced from Recycled and Natural Materials.
- Resistant against very heavy loads.
- Helps to protect LVT flooring from damage the click-system joints.
- Tested according to MMFA/EPLF higher requirements of group 2.

## TECHNICAL DATA

TEST	REQUIREMENT	UNIT	RESULT
Punctual conformability (PC)	≥ 0,5	mm	≥ 1,0
Compressive strenght (CS)	≥ 400	kPa	≥ 400
Compressive creep (CC)	≥ 35	kPa	≥ 200
Impact sound (IS)	≥ 18	dB	21
Reflected walking sound (RWS)	–	%	TBD
Thermal Resistance (R)*	≤ 0,15	m <sup>2</sup> °C/W	0,015
Dynamic load (DL)	≥ 100 000	cycles	≥ 100 000

\* Suitable for underfloor heating and cooling

## THERMAL INSULATION

Thermal Conductivity <sup>(1)</sup>	0,1036 W/mK
Thermal Resistance	0,015 m <sup>2</sup> C/W

<sup>(1)</sup> EN 8301

## ACOUSTICAL RESULTS

Flooring	Resilient Floor (LVT) - Hydrocork (6mm)
Thickness (mm)	1.6
$\Delta L_w$ (dB) <sup>(1)</sup>	21

<sup>(1)</sup> ISO 10140-3 and ISO 717-2

Test procedure according to ISO 10140-1:2010; ISO 10140-3:2010; ISO 10140-4:2010 and ISO 717-2:2013 standards.

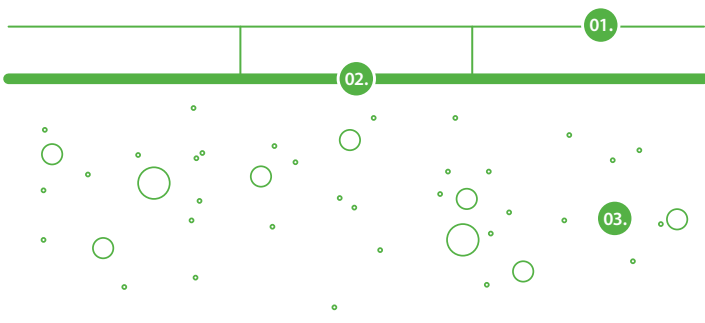


—•—  $L_{n,r,0}$  (dB)    - - -  $L_{n,r}$  (dB)    - · - Adjusted refer. curve (dB)

$L_{n,r,0}$  – Normalized impact sound pressure level of the Lab reference floor.

$L_{n,r}$  – Normalized impact sound pressure level of the reference floor with the floor covering under test.

$\Delta L_w$  – Impact sound pressure level reduction index of the covering under test, on a normalized floor.

TEST APPARATUS ( $\Delta L_w$ )

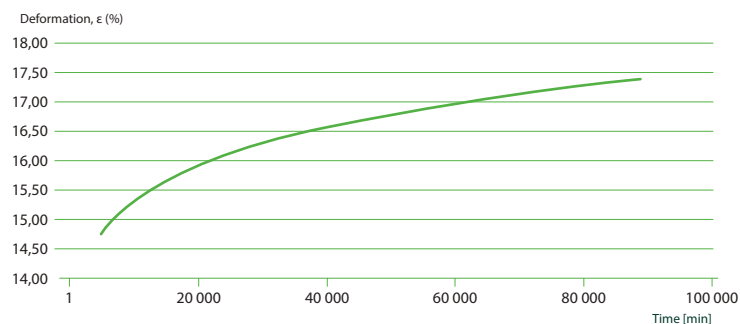
**01.**  
Floor covering  
composed by loose-lay  
or click system LVT

**02.**  
Agglomerated cork  
and recycled EVA  
resilient layer –  
Amorim UNIQUE

**03.**  
Reinforced concrete slab  
of thickness 140mm

## PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

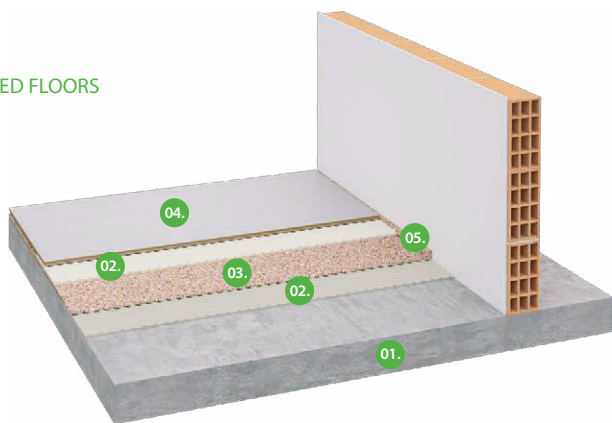
## CREEP DEFLECTION @ 90 Kpa (% OF START HEIGHT)



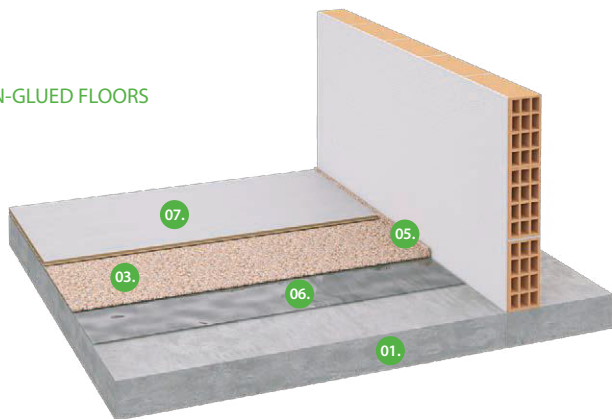
Note: Following ISO8013-1998 measured in Cantilever Test System

## APPLICATION SCHEMES

### GLUED FLOORS



### NON-GLUED FLOORS



01.

Reinforced  
concrete slab

02.

Adhesive

03.

Underlay  
GO4CORK UNIQUE

04.

Floor covering  
composed of  
glued LVT

05.

Perimeter  
insulation barrier

06.

Vapour  
barrier

07.

Floor covering  
composed of  
a non glued LVT

## GENERAL INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

### GENERAL INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (WITH AND WITHOUT GLUE)

The following installation instructions are recommended by Amorim Cork Solutions, and are not intended to be a definitive project specification. They should be interpreted and applied taking into account the recommendations of the manufacturers of the flooring to be installed, as well as the manufactures of the glue, should this be necessary.

#### 1. PREPARATION OF THE SUBFLOOR

- The subfloor must be level, dry, clean and in good structural conditions. A floor is considered level if the deviation height is less than 2mm over a distance of 2.5 linear meters. Deviations above this value must be leveled out before underlay installation.
- The humidity content of the concrete substrate must not exceed 2.5 % (MC) by weight. Any moisture problems need to be solved before installation. New concrete slabs need to cure for at least 120 days before installation.
- The environmental conditions during the installation should be: temperature >10°C and humidity <75%

#### 2. INSTALLATION OF THE MOISTURE BARRIER

For floating floors you must first install a moisture barrier across the entire area of the room to minimize the risk of possible damage caused by rising damp, and then install the underlay. The barrier must be installed directly onto the surface of the subfloor, in the opposite direction you plan to install the final floor to reduce seams. This moisture barrier should have a minimum sd-value of 75 m. It should be installed following the outline of the enclosing wall, to a height of at least 30 mm and with a minimum overlap of 100mm using a suitable tape to seal seams. After finishing, the barrier must cover the entire subfloor area without any gaps. Never mechanically secure the barrier with screws, nails or staples as this may compromise its effectiveness.

#### 3. INSTALLATION OF THE UNDERLAY

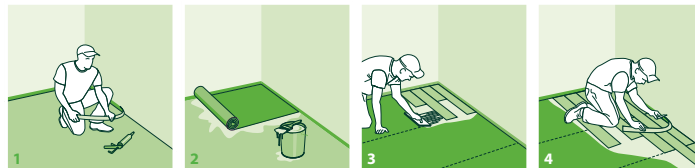
Place one roll of the underlay parallel to the wall and in the opposite direction you plan to install the final floor to reduce seams. Cut the underlay material roll to the desired length and install it directly, covering the entire surface of the room. The underlay must cover the entire area without any gaps, and be securely joined using duct tape. Never mechanically secure the underlay with screws, nails or staples as this may compromise its effectiveness. Install the flooring perpendicularly to the underlay. Always follow the flooring manufacturer's recommended installation instructions.

#### 4. GLUED DOWN INSTALLATION

Before installing the underlay, apply the glue and make sure that the surface has been treated to prevent moisture. the installation of a moisture barrier is not necessary. After applying the glue, cut the underlay material roll to the desired length and install it directly, covering the entire surface. The underlay must cover the entire area without any gaps, and be securely joined using duct tape. Never mechanically secure the underlay with screws, nails or staples as this may compromise its effectiveness. Apply glue on the underlay and install the flooring perpendicularly to the underlay. Always follow the flooring manufacturer's recommended installation instructions.

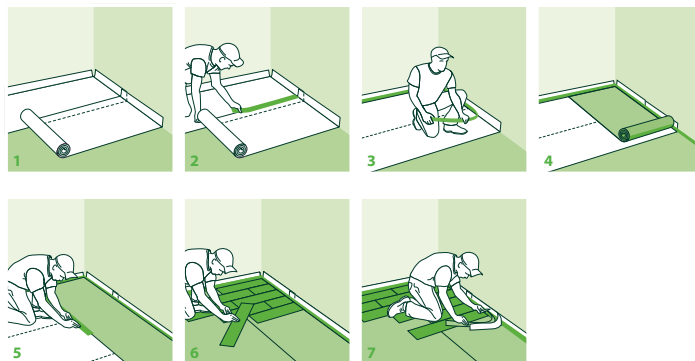
## APPLICATION PROCESS

### GLUED DOWN INSTALLATION



1. Installation of perimeter barrier;
2. Installation of underlay (glued);
3. Installation of final flooring (glued);
4. Cutting perimeter barrier.

### FLOATING INSTALLATION



1. Installation of the moisture barrier;
2. Installation of the tape on the seams ;
3. Installation of perimeter barrier;
4. Installation of underlay;
5. Installation of the tape on joints between rolls;
6. Installation of final flooring;
7. Cutting perimeter barrier.



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SOLUTIONS**

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